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SELECTROL® DISCS: SUITABILITY FOR USE IN ACCREDITED LABORATORIES

Selectrol® discs are suitable for use in accredited laboratories because the organisms are only one generation from the source culture and are directly traceable to the source culture vial from which they are derived. As such, the discs are acceptable for use in producing working stock cultures subject to the following conditions stipulated by UKAS:

- The discs must be used in an appropriate manner that must be clearly documented.
- The discs are used to produce reference stock cultures from which working stocks are then prepared.
- Laboratories must initially demonstrate that organisms supplied as Selectrol[®] discs
 are suitable for their intended purpose by confirming that they exhibit the same
 characteristics as the source culture when used in accordance with the
 laboratory's standard operating procedures.

GENERAL PRODUCT DESCRIPTION



Selectrol® discs are designed to be a convenient source of viable micro-organisms which when recovered can be used as control organisms for a variety of QC and other testing purposes.

The principle of the discs is that first generation cultures (a single subculture from the parent strain) are suspended in an inert medium and freeze dried to form discs that are convenient to store and very flexible in their use.

The numbers in the discs are in the region of 10^6 to 10^9 when the vial is sealed. When opened these numbers may decrease with time, but a recovery of viable organisms is guaranteed over the shelf life period, i.e. the discs are guaranteed to provide sufficient organisms for preparation of a working stock culture.

Selectrol® is supplied in quantities of 10 or 25 discs per vial. The vials are sealed under vacuum, and also contain self-indicating silica gel.

Selectrol[®] is usually supplied with a minimum of 9 months shelf life.

STORAGE

The discs are very convenient to store, taking up minimal space. The usual storage temperature is within the range -20 to +8°C, i.e. refrigerator or freezer.

The exceptions are the more fastidious organisms, such as *Campylobacter*, *Neisseria*, *Haemophilus*, *Vibrio*, and the anaerobes, where freezer storage (-30 to -15°C) is required. These organisms are always presented as 10 discs per vial.

Freeze dried organisms are sensitive to moisture and temperature. Loss of viability may occur if the vial is left open for longer than necessary, or if the discs are not stored at the recommended temperature.

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USE

The vials are supplied with detailed instructions for use. The following is a summary.

The discs are supplied in a glass vial sealed with a grey rubber bung and a cap containing a wad. It is very important that the vial is allowed to warm to room temperature prior to opening. If the vial is opened while still cold, moisture from the air will condense on the remaining discs, quickly rendering them non-viable.

We recommend that one disc is used each time a new culture is required. Selectrol[®] can be used in three ways:

- A disc can be placed directly on to the required culture plate and allowed to soften for approximately 5 to 10 minutes. The disc can then be spread over the surface of the plate with an inoculating loop.
- A disc can be dissolved in non-selective culture broth, or Maximum Recovery Diluent, and this suspension can be used immediately for inoculation.
- A disc can be grown up overnight in a suitable non-selective culture broth to produce a working stock.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Strains are sourced from the Public Health England culture collections (PHE).



One batch of Selectrol® discs is produced from a single culture collection vial, and the batch is directly traceable to the parent culture through a detailed Manufacturing Batch Record.

Every batch is QC tested to ensure that its characteristics remain standard. The testing of biochemical characteristics is carried out in our UKAS accredited Quality Control testing laboratory, No. 2496.

Selectrol[®] discs are manufactured under our ISO 9001 Management System. Our assessment body is BSI.

Copies of our certificates of accreditation are available.



PRODUCTION PROCESS SUMMARY

The source freeze dried strain is reconstituted and allowed to recover.

The strain is then grown on culture media and retained for reference (see Quality Control Checks).

The growth is harvested from the culture medium and suspended in a preservation solution.

The solution is then dispensed as drops and frozen without delay. Once frozen, the discs are freeze dried.

The manufacturing process, culture media and quality control tests are fully documented in our Management System.

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QUALITY CONTROL CHECKS

The Quality Control tests are designed to check for the following parameters:

Purity: absence of contamination.

Viability: sufficient cells to enable recovery of the organism during the shelf life period.

Confirmation of the main characteristics of the strain: including a comparison of the post -processing colony characteristics with those of the source culture.

PROCESS CHECKS

All media used to grow the organisms are inspected to ensure the absence of contaminants throughout the process.

The following are checked during processing:

A sample from the source culture.

Samples from the suspension solutions before and after addition of the organism.

Samples of the discs after freeze-drying. These are checked for purity using five methods:

Culturing the "neat" discs and visually examining the plates.

Taking a sweep from the plate growth, making a Gram stain smear and examining this under the microscope.

Suspending the disc in solution, plating it out and testing it with antibiotic discs. *Note* - this is not an antibiotic susceptibility test but a means of revealing the presence of any possible contaminants that may otherwise remain hidden.

Checking for contaminants whilst examining viability.

Checking for characteristic colony morphology as defined by the culture collection.

VIABILITY

Viability is assessed by dissolving sample discs in broth and making serial dilutions to estimate the actual numbers.

FINAL QC TESTS

After filling and sealing the vials, one vial is selected at random from which two discs are examined for purity. A further five discs are then examined for viable counts and colony morphology.

Two discs are cultured, and the cultures are examined for reactions to biochemical tests. The tests vary in detail from strain to strain, and typically include specific tests which are highly characteristic for the strain.

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BATCH NUMBERS, TRACEABILITY AND CERTIFICATES ON THE WEB

To maintain clear traceability back to the source culture, we use one new source vial for each batch of Selectrol[®] manufactured. The lot number of the source vial is recorded on our manufacturing batch record.

Each Selectrol® vial is traceable to the originating batch using the lot number which appears on the vial. Lot numbers take the form e.g. 020099 where

- The first two digits denote the strain. In this case, 02 = E. coli NCTC 12241, as defined in our product catalogue.
- The last two digits indicate the lot number.

Thus 020099 = lot 99 of *E. coli* NCTC 12241.

We keep definitive records of the despatch date and destination of each vial, to ensure batch traceability is complete.

Test reports and statements of origin issued by our UKAS accredited Quality Control testing laboratory can be accessed on our company website at www.tcsbiosciences.co.uk

Click on the "Selectrol Certificates" icon and follow the search instructions to access and print the QC test report you require.

